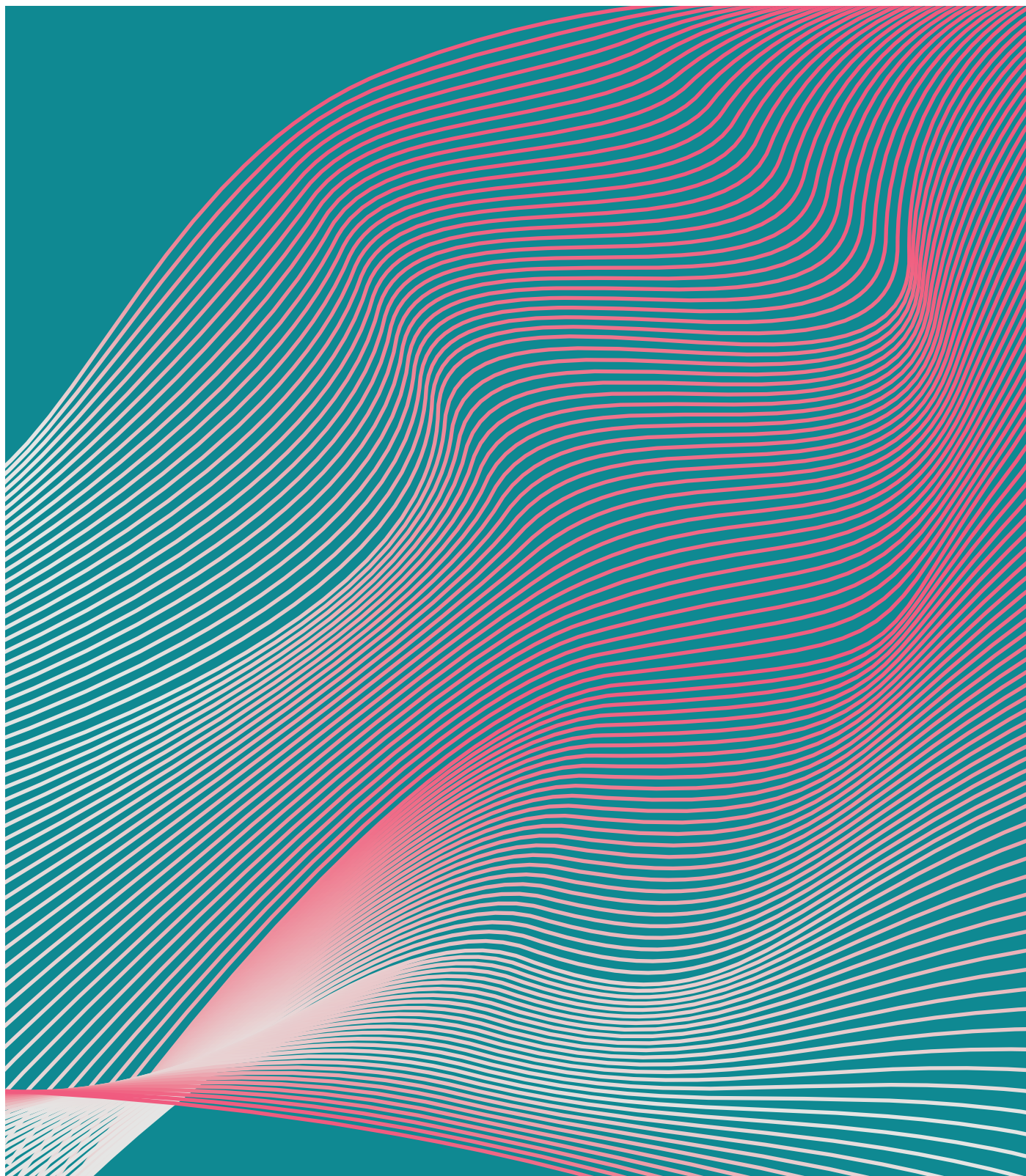


# Long Live Research Data

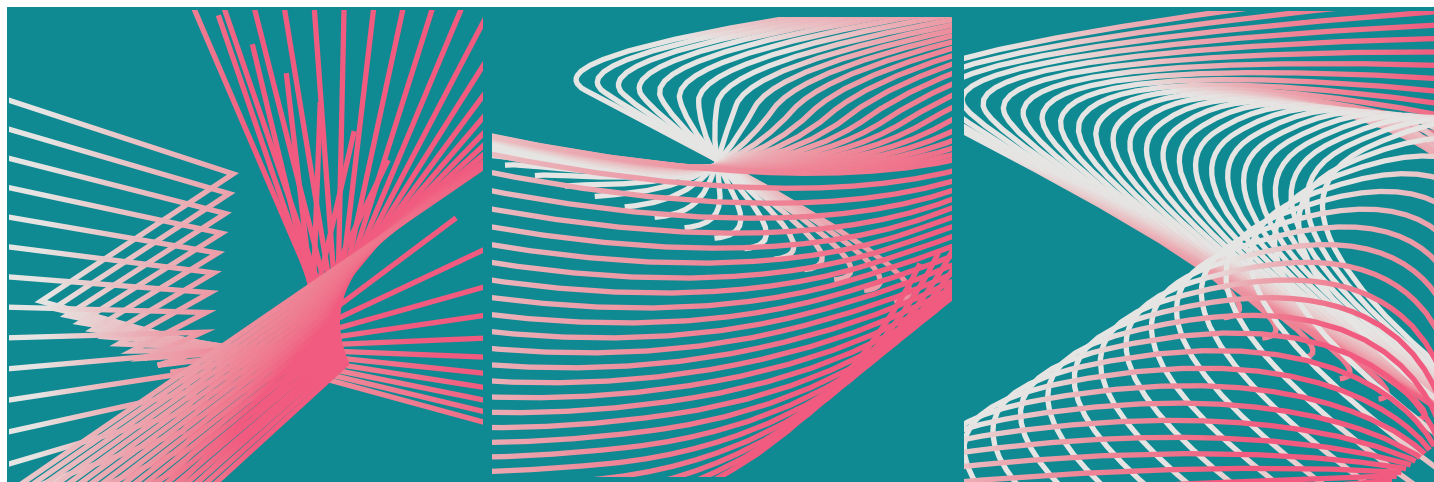
Book of Abstracts, National EOSC CZ Conference 2025



# Long Live Research Data

Book of Abstracts, National EOSC CZ Conference 2025

Ostrava, 2–3 December 2025






Masaryk University Press  
Brno 2025



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Abstracts were submitted in three categories:

-  Category 1: Use case of secondary use of research data
-  Category 2: Own FAIR research data
-  Category 3: Use case of developing / using / promoting  
National Data Infrastructure (NDI) tools and services

Long Live Research Data

Poster booklet, National EOSC CZ Conference 2025

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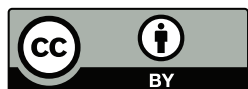
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## PROGRAMME OF THE CONFERENCE (2 DECEMBER 2025)

### 9.00–10.00 Registration

- 10.00–10.10 Opening Remarks by VSB – Technical University of Ostrava and EOSC CZ  
10.10–10.30 Research Data in Czech Republic  
Matej Antol (Masaryk University)

### Tools for Data Management (Chair: Luděk Matyska (CESNET, Masaryk University))

- 10.30–11.00 COnnecting REpositories (CORE - core.ac.uk) –  
**Keynote** An Open Scholarly Infrastructure by Researchers for Researchers  
Petr Knoth (Knowledge Media Institute The Open University)  
11.00–12.00 Flash talks and moderated discussion  
No persistent Identifiers (PIDs)? No data management!  
Petra Černohlávková (National Library of Technology)  
Repository for Human and Animal Imaging and Physiological Multimodal Data  
Jan Fousek (CEITEC Masaryk University)  
OneData Platform  
Antonín Fejfar (Institute of Physics of the CAS)  
Building Repositories: From Infrastructure to User  
Illyria Brejchová (Institute of Computer Science Masaryk University)

### 12.00–13.00 Lunch

### Stories of Data (Re-)Use (Chair: Jaroslav Juráček (Masaryk University))

- 13.00–13.30 Health Data Stories  
**Keynote** Martin Komenda (Institute of Health Information and Statistics of the CR)  
13.30–14.30 Flash talks and moderated discussion  
Using and Reusing Single-Cell RNA Sequencing Data  
Jaroslav Ol'ha (Faculty of Medicine Masaryk University)  
Experience with Data Sharing and Reuse in the Field of Computer Science  
Monika Čechová (Faculty of Informatics Masaryk University)  
I found it - Automation Accelerated Data Sharing  
Marek Cebecauer (J. Heyrovsky Institute of Physical Chemistry CAS)  
Data Use Cases at CEITEC  
Adrián Rošinec (CEITEC Masaryk University)

### 14.30–15.00 Coffee Break

### Advancing Data Skills (Chair: Matej Antol (Masaryk University))

- 15.00–15.30 Data Matters - and Data Matter  
**Keynote** Ladislav Křišťoufek (Vice-Rector for Research Charles University)  
15.30–16.30 Flash talks and moderated discussion  
Introduction to the Data Steward Certificate Course at the University of Vienna  
Michael Feichtinger (University of Vienna)  
The Data Steward Microcertificate Course at the Charles University  
Jan Dvořák (Faculty of Arts Charles University)  
Developing Data Literacy: Personal Insights from Practice  
Tomáš Marek (Faculty of Arts Masaryk University)  
Building RDM and OS Skills from the Ground Up  
Jan Vališ (National Library of Technology)  
The Role of a Data Steward in Educational Processes  
Georgia Koutentaki (Faculty of Information Technology Czech Technical University in Prague)  
17.00–17.45 Poster Session

# PROGRAMME OF THE WORKSHOP REPO BUILDERS (3 DECEMBER 2025)

## 8.30–9.00 Registration

### BLOCK 1: Creating a New Repository

- 9.00–9.40 The Process of Creating a New Repository  
Tutor: Illyria Brejchová | Daniel Mikšík
- 9.40–10.10 Core NRP Repository Systems  
Tutors: Illyria Brejchová | Milan Janíček | Eliška Blažková
- 10.10–10.30 Legal and Licensing Aspects of Repositories  
Tutor: Daniel Mikšík

## 10.30–11.00 Coffee Break

### BLOCK 2: Services and Tools for Repositories

- 11.00–11.40 UX, Testing, and Metrics  
Tutors: Illyria Brejchová | Pavlína Špringerová | Veronika Němcová | Karolína Menclerová
- 11.40–12.00 FAIR Principles in NRP Repositories  
Tutor: Milan Janíček
- 12.00–12.15 AAI and the Service Support System  
Tutors: Eliška Blažková | Lucie Hošková
- 12.15–12.30 Repository System Specialists Q&A  
Q&A Session Participants: Illyria Brejchová | Milan Janíček | Lucie Hošková  
Eliška Blažková | Daniel Mikšík

## 12.30–13.30 Lunch Break

### BLOCK 3: Metadata I

- 13.30–13.50 Czech Core Metadata Model  
Tutor: Michal Med
- 13.50–14.35 Domain Specific Metadata Profiles  
Tutors: Petra Černošlávková | Jakub Klímek
- 14.35–15.00 National Metadata Directory  
Tutor: Michal Klodner

## 15.00–15.30 Coffee Break

### BLOCK 4: Metadata II

- 15.30–16.00 National Catalogue of Repositories and Controlled Vocabularies  
Tutor: Alexandr Kuchynka
- 16.00–16.30 Persistent Identifiers  
Tutor: Hana Heringová

# PROGRAMME OF THE WORKSHOP YOUNG RESEARCHERS (3 DECEMBER 2025)

8.30–9.00 Registration

## BLOCK 1: My Data – Basic Data Stewardship

9.00–9.45 FAIR on the First Try  
Tutor: Michal Růžička

9.45–10.30 Persistent Identifiers – Why and How  
Tutor: Hana Heringová

10.30–11.00 Coffee Break

## BLOCK 2: My Data – Management and Storage

11.00–11.30 How I Learned to Stop Worrying and Love the DMP  
Tutor: Antonín Zita

11.30–12.00 Where to with it? Deciding where to publish data  
Tutor: Jan Vališ

12.30–13.30 Lunch Break

## BLOCK 3: My Data - Processing and Analysis

13.00–14.30 Data analysis with AI  
Tutor: David Chudán

14.30–15.00 Computing Time and Data Processing Using Supercomputers  
Tutor: Kateřina Martinovičová

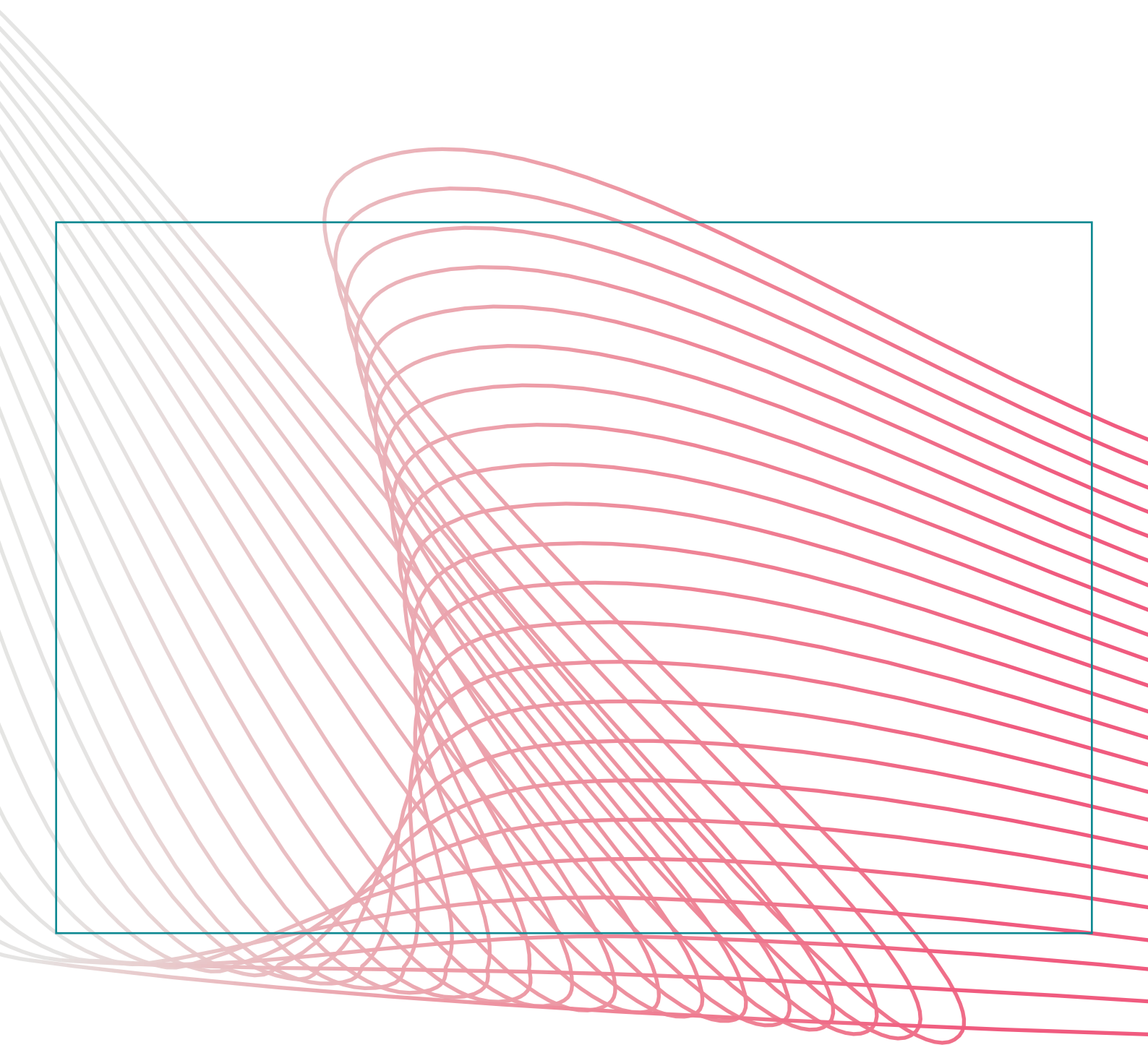
15.00–15.30 Coffee Break

## BLOCK 4: Case Studies

15.30–16.30 Your FAIR Data / Using External Data  
Speaker: Jan Fišer | Jan Plíšek | Barbora Kubátová



# Abstracts





ALEX NEUBAUER <sup>a\*</sup>

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The global economic transition towards environmental sustainability requires a fundamental shift in consumer behaviour<sup>1</sup>. We analyse the impact of cognitive, product-based, socio-economic and demographic factors on sustainable consumer behaviour (SBC) using survey data from the ET CASE project and a probit regression model<sup>2</sup>. Our findings indicate that engagement with sustainability concepts, demographic profile and willingness to bear associated costs substantially increase the propensity for sustainable behaviour.

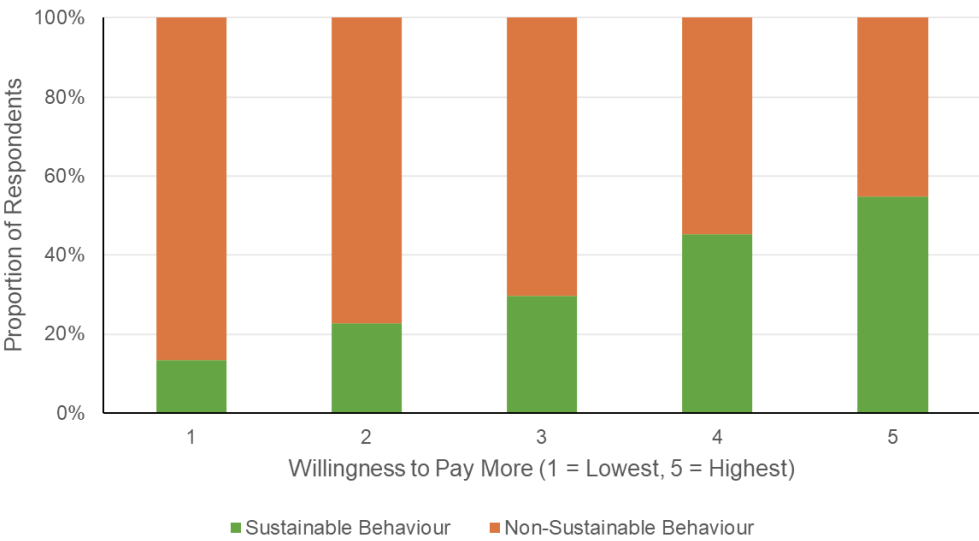


Fig. 1. Sustainable Behaviour by Willingness to Pay More

We establish demographics as the strongest driver of SBC, as being a female is associated with the biggest increase in probability of taking part in sustainable practices. Cognitive engagement also plays a significant role, as literacy of circular economy concepts increases SCB. Lastly, economic and value perceptions create a trade-off: willingness to pay more positively influences SBC, yet importance of the brand acts as a counterweight.

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# A FAIR DATASET FOR ASSESSING MICROCENTRIFUGAL FILTER REUSABILITY USING FT-IR SPECTROSCOPY AND CUSTOM PIPELINE

CATEGORY 2

VASILISA KOSTROMINA<sup>a</sup>, DANIELA JANSTOVÁ<sup>a</sup>, JAKUB TOMEŠ<sup>a</sup>, JAN VALIŠ<sup>b\*</sup>, JAN MAREŠ<sup>a</sup>

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The Fourier Transformed Infrared spectroscopy (FT-IR) is an analytical technique that requires little to no sample preparation. FT-IR shows great potential for diagnosis of biofluids like human serum. Serum, however, contains high-molecular-weight components that have minimal diagnostic value, but significantly affect the spectral profile. To reduce this complexity, single-use microcentrifugal filters are employed. However, for economic and environmental reasons, these filters are commonly reused several times. The aim of this study was to investigate whether such practice is actually feasible. To begin with, we used two sets of 100 kDa filters repeatedly – up to 4 times – to process a sample of human pooled serum (Fig. 1). Each filtrate was subsequently measured 9 times using FT-IR spectrometer. The filter reusability was analysed using a pipeline which included normalisation and classification. To make our dataset findable, we published it with rich metadata<sup>1</sup>. The proprietary format SPA was converted to CSV to ensure interoperability, and to enhance reusability, ReadMe file and open licence was provided. Adhering to the FAIR principles, facilitated seamless collaboration between researchers, improved transparency and dataset reusability. Our results indicate that repeated use of microcentrifugal filters has a measurable impact on spectra, thus suggesting this practice should be abandoned.

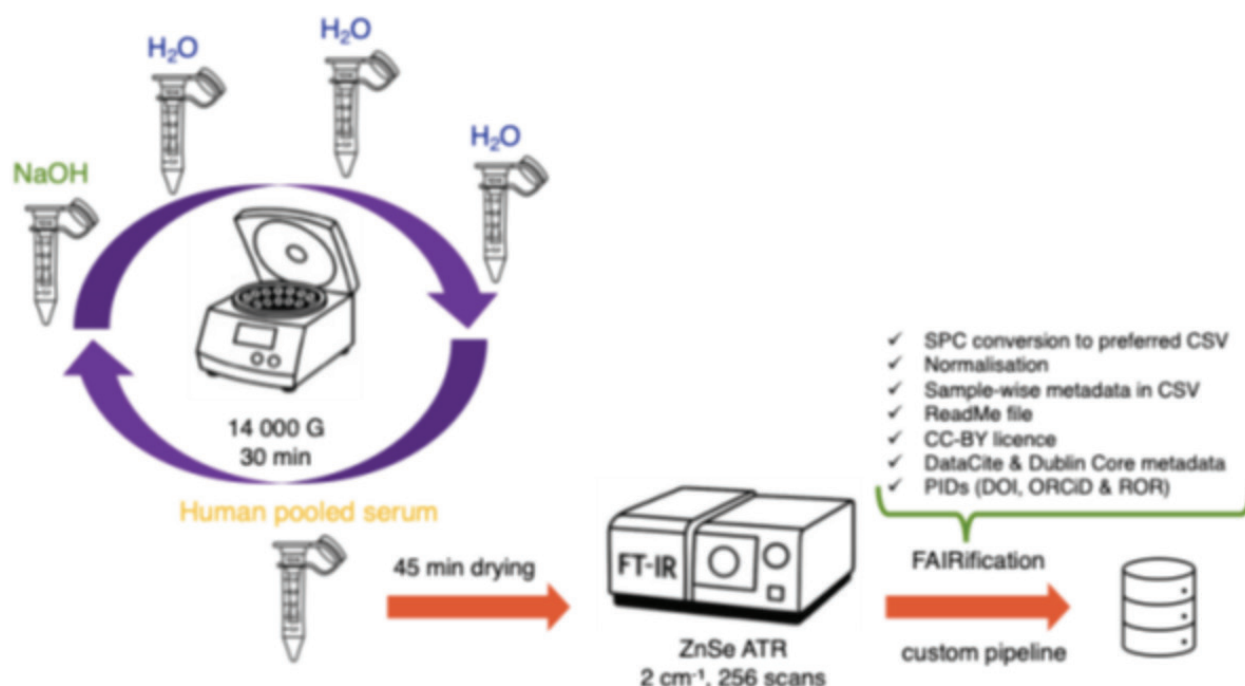


Fig. 1. Sample preparation (purple), measurement of FT-IR spectra, and data processing (red).

This work was supported by grants of Specific University Research [A2-FCHI-2025-018, A1-FCHI-2025-002, and A1-FCHI-2025-005].

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Four years after the breakthrough of AI-powered protein structure prediction with AlphaFold, databases of protein structures continuously evolve, as evidenced by the recent (October, 2025) enrichment of AlphaFold Database with additional 20+ million structures in version 6 of the data. However, to keep this vast data ecosystem useful for researchers, students, and other domain experts, specialized systems are needed to provide analytics on top of it. AlphaFind 2.0 is an advanced similarity search engine for protein structures of the AlphaFold Database. Building upon its predecessor (<https://alphafind.fi.muni.cz/>), a new version of this tool allows users to search in the structures of protein chains, focus on the high-confidence regions of these chains, and also the domains from <https://ted.cathdb.info/>. Users can search by uploading a structure, providing protein ID or via protein name. The system employs state-of-the-art embedding models for quick filtering in the vector space to achieve scalable, high-speed retrieval and uses TM-Align to report on the biological similarity metrics such as TM-Score and RMSD. A redesigned web interface integrates Mol\*, providing interactive 3D visualization, shows useful attributes such as organism or CATH annotation, domainlevel alignment inspection, and real-time query refinement. Architecturally, the application allows researchers to quickly find similar protein structures from various structural perspectives and visualize the alignment of similar AlphaFold-predicted structures, connecting users to this vast resource of data.

NIKOLA SIXTOVÁ<sup>a\*</sup>, VLADIMÍR ULMAN<sup>b</sup>, EMMA STROUHALOVÁ<sup>a</sup>, MICHAL TARANA<sup>a</sup>, MICHAL MED<sup>c</sup>,  
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We are establishing a new repository for FAIR-sharing of biological image data, representing a National Data Infrastructure (NDI) use case service. Initiated with the Czech Biolmaging community, it will eventually serve all researchers in the Czech Republic. The repository will be registered with the National Repository Platform and will offer Persistent Identifiers. We have adopted the Czech Core Metadata Model1 (CCMM) to ensure consistent harvesting into the “National Catalogue of Open Data” and interoperability with other national systems. We have extended CCMM<sup>1</sup> with domain-specific elements based on the Recommendations for Metadata in Biological Imaging<sup>2</sup>, utilizing the Dataspecer<sup>3</sup> tool to maintain the linked data approach for semantic web operability. In this poster, we demonstrate our use case experience with the key steps for building a new NDI-compatible repository.

This output was developed with financial contributions from the EOSC CZ initiative through the National Repository Platform for Research Data project (CZ.02.01/00/23\_014/0008787), funded by the Operational Programme Johannes Amos Comenius of the Ministry of Education, Youth and Sports of the Czech Republic.

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Researchers face increasing challenges managing research data due to the growing number and diversity of available tools. Identifying suitable solutions for each phase of the data lifecycle can be time-consuming, especially when some tools are region-specific or limited to certain infrastructures.

To support researchers, we developed the Data Management Tools Catalogue<sup>1</sup>, a centralized overview that collects and categorizes tools by their role in the data lifecycle. It provides a structured guide to navigate solutions, including those available exclusively in the Czech Republic, and highlights resources accessible through the National Data Infrastructure (NDI) for easier discovery and comparison.

The current beta version covers all major lifecycle phases. Planned enhancements include subject-specific filters and broader tool coverage to support diverse research domains. By presenting tools in an organized, transparent manner, the catalogue helps researchers make informed choices, promotes standardized practices, and fosters FAIR-compliant data management.

This contribution will present the catalogue's structure, demonstrate its beta functionalities, and outline the development roadmap, emphasizing its role as a practical resource for simplifying data management.

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The European Genome-phenome Archive (EGA) provides a secure infrastructure for storage, sharing, and controlled access of sensitive genomic and phenotypic data. Its primary goal is to ensure data confidentiality while enabling authorized researchers to access information in a compliant and traceable manner. Within this initiative, national nodes (FEGA – Federated EGA) are being established to support data management in accordance with the legal and technical requirements of individual countries.

The Czech national FEGA node is currently under development and builds upon the Sensitive Data Archive software implementation. The system is deployed on a Kubernetes platform to ensure scalability and reliability. Data storage is provided through an object storage service compatible with the S3 protocol, while metadata is managed by the central EGA node (CEGA). Sensitive data are encrypted using the Crypt4GH standard, which enables efficient re-encryption of files for specific recipients without processing their entire content. This approach maintains a high level of data security while simplifying access management. The current implementation is in the prototype phase and is integrated into the EGA test infrastructure.

Future development foresees integration into the Genomic Data Infrastructure (GDI), which aims to enable secure federated computation across sensitive datasets.

# EMPOWERING OPEN SCIENCE THROUGH EOSC AI: SCALABLE, SECURE, AND RESEARCH-READY INFRASTRUCTURE AT CERIT-SC

CATEGORY 3

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Artificial Intelligence (AI) is transforming scientific research by enabling advanced data analysis, knowledge discovery, and communication. To support this shift within the European Open Science Cloud (EOSC) ecosystem, CERIT-SC—a core component of e-INFRA CZ—is developing an on-premise AI environment that provides researchers with secure, high-performance, and interoperable tools. This ecosystem empowers innovation while ensuring compliance with FAIR principles and open science.

Our infrastructure features cutting-edge NVIDIA DGX H100 and DGX B200 systems, enabling efficient large-scale model training and inference. It hosts open large language and generative models—including DeepSeek R1, Qwen3-Coder-480B, Gemma3, and GPT-OSS-120B—accessible via an Open WebUI interface or OpenAI-compatible APIs. This facilitates seamless integration into research workflows and EOSC services.

Beyond conversational AI, the ecosystem supports AI-augmented workflows through JupyterHub with preconfigured Notebook Intelligence plugins for local model interaction and the DeepSite web application for generative design of websites, visuals, and presentations. An AI-powered documentation portal further enhances contextual assistance across e-INFRA CZ and EOSC resources.

All services operate within e-INFRA CZ's trusted infrastructure, guaranteeing data privacy, reproducibility, and regulatory compliance. Researchers retain full control to fine-tune or train custom models locally, fostering community-driven AI development aligned with EOSC's federated vision.



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In this project, we processed a neuroimaging dataset originally collected in 2019 by Jan Štrobl. The dataset was converted to the Brain Imaging Data Structure (BIDS) format, a recognized community standard for organizing and describing neuroimaging data and associated metadata. To support reproducibility and reusability, we developed a conversion pipeline for transforming data from the European Data Format (EDF) to BIDS. The implementation will be made openly available on GitHub. Following conversion and verification, the dataset was deposited in the National Repository Platform for Research Data, enhancing its accessibility and compliance with the FAIR data principles—Findable, Accessible, Interoperable, and Reusable. This work demonstrates a practical example of applying data standardization and open science practices to ensure long-term usability of neuroimaging data.

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# FAIRIFICATION IN A MULTIMODAL IN-VIVO IMAGING CENTRE: APPLYING REMBI-STRUCTURED METADATA AND FAIR WIZARD WORKFLOW IN PRACTICE

CATEGORY 2

PAVLA VOLEŠÁK FRANCOVÁ<sup>a</sup>, TOMÁŠ HEIZER<sup>a,b</sup>, MARGARITA TKACHENKO<sup>a</sup>, LUDĚK ŠEFC<sup>a</sup>

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Implementing FAIR data principles within preclinical in vivo imaging is challenging. Research infrastructures routinely generate heterogeneous datasets across MRI, CT-PET/SPECT, ultrasound and optical imaging, where interoperability and metadata standardisation are often limited. We present the FAIRification workflows developed at the Center for Advanced Preclinical Imaging (CAPI), a Czech-BioImaging and Euro-BioImaging Node. Using the FAIR Wizard platform to create Data Management Plans and internal guidelines aligned with the REMBI metadata model, we standardised documentation of imaging studies and their experimental context.

FAIR principles were introduced gradually – starting with study-level metadata and researcher training. This incremental approach improved data findability, metadata completeness and internal interoperability. Pragmatic FAIRification based on REMBI and structured DMP planning enhances transparency and reusability in complex imaging environments.

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The Environmental Department was established in 2023 as part of the Center for Field Archaeology (CETA) at the University of Hradec Králové<sup>1</sup>. Our mission is to apply a comprehensive approach to studying the past anthropogenic environment – from field sampling through laboratory analysis to data interpretation. The laboratory's core activities focus on geochemical, hyperspectral, and luminescence (portable OSL) analyses. The resulting datasets of various dimensionality and metadata characteristics follow a standardized structure, with each sample assigned an internal persistent identifier to ensure consistent traceability. The laboratory aims to gradually implement the FAIR data principles. The poster presents the current status of our datasets and outlines our planned approach to enhance data management through the implementation of an electronic lab notebook.



Fig. 1. Our data originate in the field, beginning with sample collection. Foto: Anna Horáková

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In 2025, the Data Management Competence Centre (DMCC) at the Czech University of Life Sciences Prague (CZU) conducted a comprehensive institutional survey to map how researchers create, store, and share their data across the university. The questionnaire comprised 58 items and received 227 responses from academic staff and doctoral students. It aimed to identify current practices, needs, and barriers throughout the entire research data lifecycle — from planning and collection to preservation, sharing, and reuse.

The resulting dataset and accompanying analysis have been openly published on Zenodo and the Open Science Framework (OSF), including metadata, documentation files, and a clearly defined licensing structure. This makes the mapping of research data management at CZU a FAIR-ready institutional dataset and a reproducible example of FAIR data production within the Czech academic environment.

The survey reveals significant systemic gaps in research data management, marked by limited awareness of institutional rules and low engagement in preparing Data Management Plans. While many respondents rely on insecure local storage, there is an overwhelming call for centralized institutional support — including clear guidelines, training, and a secure long-term repository.

By making this dataset openly available, the mapping provides a robust evidence base for advancing FAIR implementation at CZU and offers a scalable model for other universities seeking to assess and enhance their own data management maturity.

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Diamond Open Access (DOA) is a vital missing piece in the Open Science ecosystem, especially where research data and publications intersect. While FAIR data and infrastructures like EOSC enable sharing and reuse, much of the scientific record remains locked behind subscriptions or APC-funded publishing models. This limits both access and participation, even when data are openly available.

The poster outlines four key issues: prohibitive publication costs, market concentration, the privatization of publicly funded research, and the inaccessibility of articles linked to open datasets. Diamond OA addresses these challenges by eliminating costs for both authors and readers and by relying on institutional, public, or cooperative funding. This shifts scholarly communication back into the public sphere and supports equity, bibliodiversity, and academic autonomy.

Recent EU projects—DIAMAS, CRAFT-OA, and PALOMERA—have developed standards, tools, and infrastructure to support this shift. Their joint outcome, the European Diamond Capacity Hub (EDCH), now coordinates capacity-building and policy alignment across Europe, including the emerging Czech National Centre for Diamond OA.

By aligning open publications with open data, Diamond OA strengthens the societal mission of science and ensures that research outputs serve the public good rather than commercial interests.

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The advent of high-throughput sequencing has revolutionised our ability to monitor fungal biodiversity and biogeography across ecosystems and continents. To make published observations interoperable and reusable, we established two FAIR-compliant, open-access repositories: GlobalFungi (<https://globalfungi.com>) and GlobalAMFungi (<https://globalamfungi.com>). GlobalFungi currently compiles over 4.5 billion ITS1/ITS2 metabarcoding observations from 84 972 samples (Fig. 1.) reported in 846 studies, spanning soils, litter, air, aquatic habitats, plant material and decomposing wood<sup>1</sup>. GlobalAMFungi harmonises nearly 90 million Glomeromycotinan amplicons from 8 464 environmental samples across 108 countries, integrating data from SSU rRNA, ITS2 and LSU rRNA markers<sup>2</sup>. Both platforms provide intuitive interfaces for searching, visualising distributions and downloading sequences with rich environmental metadata. They promote community submissions, transparent provenance and automatic versioning, thereby ensuring reproducibility. These atlases have already enabled global biodiversity maps, richness estimates, assessments of environmental constraints and drivers of community turnover, as well as conservation prioritisation. By consolidating scattered sequencing records into coherent and georeferenced datasets, GlobalFungi and GlobalAMFungi deliver unprecedented resources for studying fungal ecology, evolution and ecosystem functioning, while maximising the secondary use of research data.

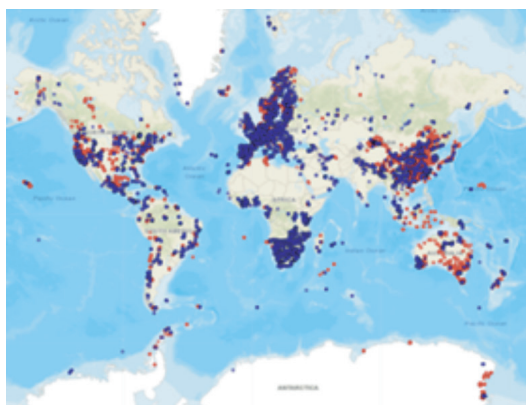


Fig. 1. Sample distribution in GlobalFungi. Previous version samples (red); newly added samples (blue).

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Molecular dynamics (MD) simulations generate vast datasets that are increasingly shared through public repositories, yet fragmentation and inconsistent metadata hinder their reuse. We present GROMACS MetaDump, a software tool that automatically extracts, structures, and annotates metadata from GROMACS simulation files. Using the simulation input file (.tpr) as the foundation, and optionally incorporating topology (.top) and structure (.gro) files, the tool produces human- and machine-readable outputs in JSON or YAML. GROMACS MetaDump is accessible as a web application, API, and command-line utility, facilitating integration into diverse research workflows.

The tool introduces the GROMACS MetaDump Schema, capturing key descriptors such as simulation parameters, system setup, macromolecule identifiers (PDB, UniProt, PubChem), and administrative details. We validated the approach on 4,364 publicly available GROMACS simulations, demonstrating robust extraction and highlighting discrepancies between reported and deposited simulation parameters.

By standardising metadata extraction, GROMACS MetaDump improves findability, accessibility, and reusability of MD data, directly supporting FAIR principles and initiatives such as MDDb. This platform-independent tool represents a practical step toward more transparent, interoperable, and reusable simulation data.

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Cerebral organoids are three-dimensional neural tissues grown from stem cells, which can serve as a powerful model for studying human brain development and disease in vitro. One of the most essential ways to analyze their internal function is single-cell RNA sequencing (scRNA-seq), which measures gene expression profiles and reveals which cell types and cellular programs are present within an organoid. These datasets are extremely information-rich, and any single analysis can only capture a fraction of their potential insight—making them prime candidates for data re-use and secondary analysis.

However, integrating scRNA-seq data across studies is non-trivial – experiments are affected by severe batch effects and produce high-dimensional, complex data. In this project, we explore the integration of healthy cerebral organoid datasets generated by multiple laboratories, using approaches such as canonical correlation analysis (CCA), conditional variational autoencoders (cVAEs), and cluster similarity spectrum (CSS) methods across a range of parameter settings and gene selection strategies. Our goal is to identify reproducible biological patterns across datasets and establish robust integration workflows, so that we can validate our organoid models against fetal brain data and uncover disease-specific expression patterns in brain organoids affected by Alzheimer's disease.

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The poster presents the current state of development in the field of data management for plant phenotyping. With the growing complexity and volume of phenotypic data, standardised and interoperable approaches are essential to ensure data consistency, sharing, and reproducibility. The presentation introduces key community standards such as MIAPPE1 (Minimum Information About a Plant Phenotyping Experiment) and BrAPI2 (Breeding API), which define common frameworks for describing experiments and exchanging data between phenotyping databases and software tools. Furthermore, it highlights existing data platforms designed to handle and integrate multi-source phenotypic and environmental datasets. The poster also outlines pipelines for data processing and analysis, illustrated by examples such as crop growth modelling using the APSIM (Agricultural Production Systems sIMulator) tool, and workflows for processing 2D and 3D data acquired from field measurements and automated phenotyping platforms. These examples demonstrate how standardised data models, interoperable APIs, and modelling tools can significantly improve the efficiency, transparency, and reusability of phenotyping data in modern plant science and digital agriculture.

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Assessing data quality in federated health data networks remains a major challenge due to privacy constraints that prevent centralised data access. Traditional quality assessment methods require visibility of raw data, which conflicts with legal and ethical requirements for data sovereignty.

This work presents a privacy-preserving framework for evaluating data quality in federated environments using differential privacy. The approach enables local computation of quality metrics—such as accuracy, completeness, and consistency—while sharing only aggregated, noise-obfuscated results. This ensures that sensitive information about individual patients or small cohorts cannot be inferred from reported metrics.

A proof-of-concept implementation demonstrates the feasibility of the method on synthetic health datasets modelled after common clinical data standards. Each local node executes standardised data quality checks under a fixed privacy budget, and the results are aggregated to provide a federated overview of data quality.

The framework is data-model agnostic and applicable across diverse biomedical domains. It illustrates how differential privacy can enable trustworthy, decentralised data quality assessment and supports scalable, privacy-compliant quality transparency within the European Open Science Cloud and other federated research infrastructures.

This project has received funding from Czech Ministry of Health (MMCI, 00209805), Czech Ministry of Education, Youth and Sports (BBMRI.cz no. LM2023033) and European Union's Horizon Europe research and innovation programme (EvolveBBMRI, no. 1101131701)

# THE MAP AND DATA CENTRE: MANAGING AND REUSING GEOGRAPHICAL RESEARCH DATA AT THE GEOGRAPHICAL INSTITUTE, FACULTY OF SCIENCE, CHARLES UNIVERSITY

CATEGORY 1

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Our contribution introduces the Map and Data Centre of the Faculty of Science, Charles University, a specialised facility dedicated to the management and sharing of geographical research data as well as cartographic outputs. After introducing the centre's mission and development, we focus on practical examples of research data reuse, primarily applications in education activities. We will also outline the centre's next steps, particularly its integration with the National Repository Platform and National Data Infrastructure through the OP JAK Open Science II grant, which will enable enhanced data accessibility, cross-institutional collaboration, and automated data management workflows.

# THE WORKFLOW FOR SHARING SENSITIVE DATA AT FNUSA: THE EXAMPLE OF KARDIOVIZE STUDY

CATEGORY 2

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Research data obtained in epidemiological studies are important for generating new knowledge in medical research. When the data is managed according to the FAIR<sup>1</sup>, their value enhances significantly<sup>2</sup>. However, in the health data environment, it is also necessary to establish a clear data collecting and sharing process as part of comprehensive data management, addressing legal and ethical risks and ensures compliance with the GDPR<sup>3</sup>. The process was created and implemented in cooperation of several departments of St. Anne's University Hospital.

The hospital organizes responsible data sharing through a transparent workflow. Requests are submitted via the REDCap<sup>4</sup> web application and goes through a structural approval process. The Kardioviz Brno population study<sup>5</sup> serves as a pilot dataset for testing and validating process. The implemented procedure is flexible, accomodating large cohort studies and smaller projects that maintain data in an exportable format with a corresponding codebook.

A transparent and auditable procedure for exchanging sensitive data is the main advantage of this process. The active involvement of the Data Protection Officer and legal experts guarantees adherence to all relevant regulations. REDCap provides a reliable, cost-effective solution. Cooperation with the Biostatistics Department provides extensive methodological support to researchers throughout the entire data management lifecycle.

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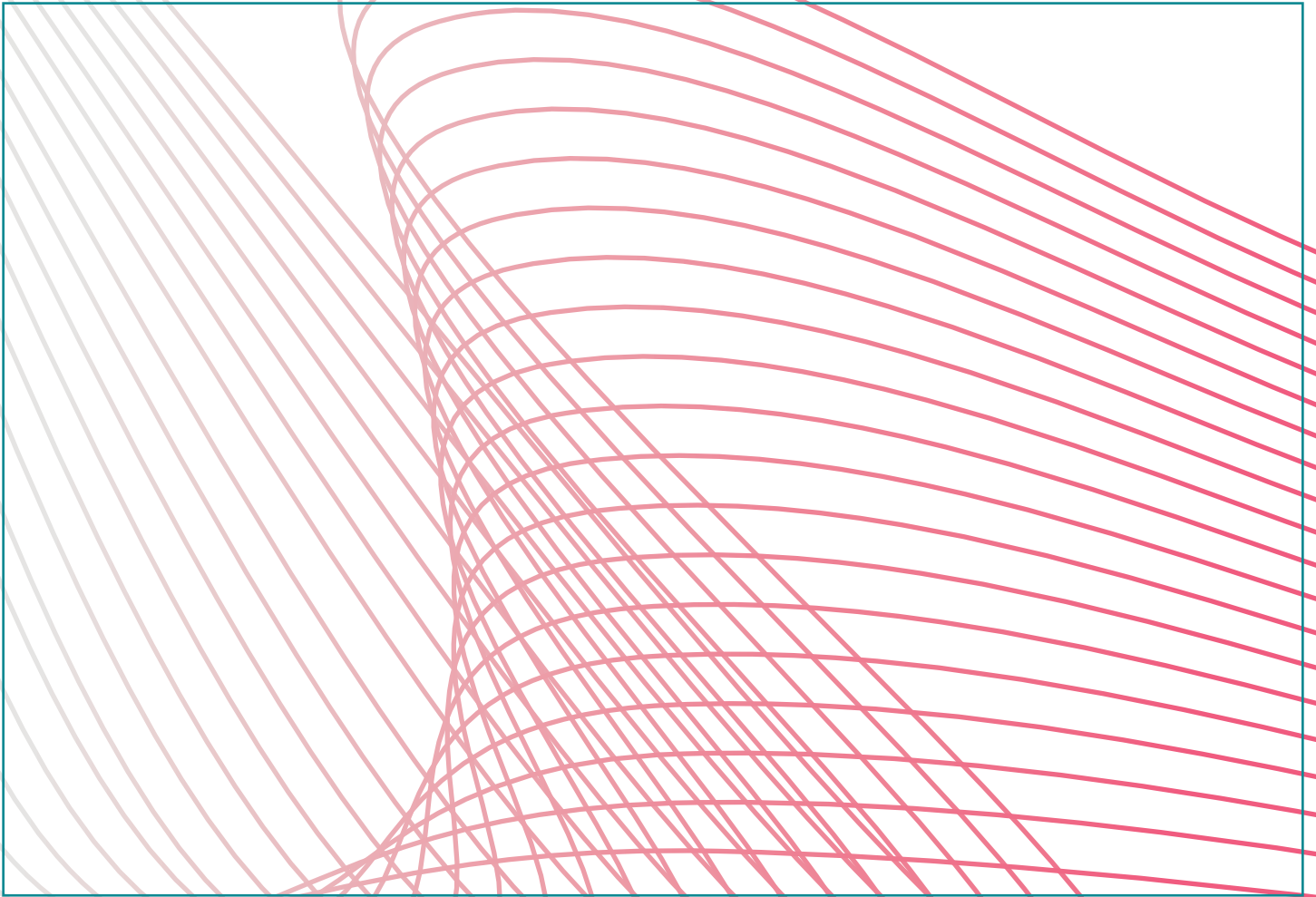
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We present a web portal that combines education for novice investors with analytical tools for cryptocurrency markets. The system combines educational articles, step-by-step guides, and a glossary of terms with interactive visualizations of portfolio development and individual coins. Users can export their overviews and results to common formats (CSV/JSON, PDF).

Technically, the portal uses React for the front-end and PHP/MariaDB for the back-end. Computationally demanding data is generated on a separate computing server and automatically migrated to web hosting. System administration is divided into editorial and administrative sections. The editor manages articles, including their multilingual variants, comments, and sharing on social networks. Content managers have complete control over achievements, feedback, forms, analytical data, and advanced tools. Administrators can manage user data beyond the scope of the manager.

The resulting platform connects education with market analysis and helps to understand data and put it to practical use.

# Meet&Greet





# AUTHENTICATION AND AUTHORIZATION INFRASTRUCTURE (AAI) AS A KEY ELEMENT OF OPEN SCIENCE IN THE CZECH REPUBLIC

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Authentication and Authorization Infrastructure (AAI) is a key tool in open science, as it ensures secure, uniform, and trustworthy access for researchers to web services and data resources across institutions, significantly shaping their cooperation. Within the e-Infrastructure e-INFRA CZ has been developing and operating the national AAI through the eduID.cz federation for a long time and thanks to its participation in the EOSC CZ initiative, it is also integrated into the international identity federation. Its importance is growing with the need for effective and repeated use and processing of research information in accordance with the FAIR principles, including ensuring the protection of sensitive data.

The poster therefore presents the basic principles of AAI, the main benefits for users, identity providers, and service providers, as well as specific examples of use within the National Repository Platform (NRP). The aim is to raise awareness of the possibilities of AAI, support its wider adoption in the academic environment, and demonstrate how to utilize it for effective access to the tools of various services that process and reuse data and metadata in accordance with the FAIR data principles.

# METACENTRUM: THE CZECH NATIONAL DISTRIBUTED COMPUTING INFRASTRUCTURE FOR EOSC-POWERED RESEARCH

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MetaCentrum, jointly operated by CESNET and CERIT-SC within e-INFRA CZ, represents the Czech national distributed infrastructure for cross-disciplinary computational and data-intensive research. It integrates high-performance computing (HPC), cloud, Kubernetes, and AI services, providing access to over 53,000 CPU cores, more than 500 GPUs, and 20 PB of storage for over 3,700 active users.



Fig. 1. Geographical Distribution of Cluster Installations in MetaCentrum

Beyond providing raw computing power, MetaCentrum offers an integrated ecosystem that links data repositories with computational workflows while ensuring adherence to FAIR principles and interoperability with the European Open Science Cloud (EOSC). Through a unified single sign-on interface, users gain access to interactive computational environments (Jupyter Notebooks, RStudio), specialized tools (AlphaFold), commercial software (MATLAB, Ansys), and workflow management systems (Galaxy, Kubernetes, Open OnDemand).

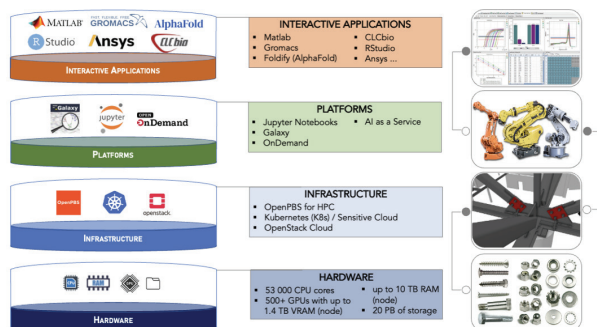


Fig. 2. Hierarchical Services in MetaCentrum

The infrastructure's capabilities are further extended through collaboration with the National Data Infrastructure (NDI), enabling integration between the National Repository Platform (NRP) and computing services. This integration supports end-to-end research workflows encompassing data analysis, preservation, and reuse. Representative applications include repository-linked Galaxy pipelines, scalable data processing on dedicated NRP Kubernetes clusters, and MDDash—a virtual environment for molecular dynamics that leverages EOSC-compliant repository-based data exchange.

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